

Updated March 2014

Small to Medium (1 – 3 cm) Arthroscopic or Mini-Open Rotator Cuff Repair Post-Operative Rehabilitation Program

SUBSCAPULARIS INVOLVEMENT PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. Limit Passive ER to 45° until 4 weeks post-op
- 2. Full PROM by 8-10 weeks post-op
- Only follow if checked

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- 3. NO active/resisted IR until 6 weeks post-op
- 4. Begin active ER early: $0 30^{\circ}$ (at 30° of ABD)

BICEPS TENODESIS PRECAUTIONS:

- 1. No Resisted elbow flexion for 8 weeks
- 2. No Resisted shoulder flexion for 8 weeks
- 3. No lifting of anything over 1 or 2 pounds for 8 weeks

* IF CHECKED PRECAUTIONS IN BOX ABOVE SUPERCEDE PROTOCOL

*The following protocols are general treatment guidelines. Treatment plan will be established in consultation with referring physician.

*It is important to know the exact surgical procedure, including the following:

- Size of the tear, how many tendons involved, Type of repair, Tissue quality
- Other procedures performed (acromioplasty, bursectomy, manipulation, etc.)

MAJOR OBJECTIVES for this rehabilitation are:

- 1. 145° passive flexion and 50° passive ER with the humerus in slight abduction in the scapular plane by **4 weeks post-op.**
- 2. Full PROM by **8weeks post-op** (***Pre-op ROM will affect ROM achieved post-operatively***).
- 3. AROM at trunk level allowed at **2 weeks post-op** (except with subscapularis tears). ABSOLUTLEY NO AROM of the extremity above shoulder level until **8 weeks post-op**.
- 4. No PRE's until 6 weeks post-op.
- 5. Always stabilize the scapula when performing strength exercise.

Phase One – Protective Phase (0-4 weeks post-op)

Goals: Decrease pain and inflammation Protection of the repair Prevent/Decrease glenohumeral stiffness

Treatment:

- 1. Sling / abduction pillow to be worn at all times (4-6 weeks) Per physician instruction
- 2. No showers until instructed to do so by physician
- 3. Cryotherapy
- 4. AROM of cervical spine, elbow, wrist, and hand
- 5. Seated Table walk-outs (walk hand out and back on table)
- 6. Grip and wrist strengthening
- 7. Pendulum exercises (start day 1)



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8. PROM in supine:

- **a.** Elevation in the scapular plane
- **b.** ER with slight abduction in scapular plane
- c. IR with slight abduction in scapular plane (week 2 3)
- 9. Pulley exercises for elevation in the scapular plane (week 2)
- **10.** AAROM exercises (use of cane for ER with towel under elbow)
- 11. AROM scapular exercises: retractions, shrugs
 - a. *Submaximal pain-free isometrics for ER, IR, flexion, extension, and abduction. ER and IR should be performed with a towel roll between the trunk and the arm (week 2)
- 12. AVOID active ER, Abduction, and extension for the first 2 3 weeks
- 13. AVOID passive horizontal adduction and extension for the first 4 weeks

Phase Two – Intermediate Phase (4-8 weeks post-op)

Goals:

Full PROM by 8 weeks

Protect the repair

Improve strength of the rotator cuff and periscapular muscles Promote proper shoulder biomechanics

Treatment:

- 1. Continue with above program
- 2. Work on ROM with emphasis of full PROM by 8 weeks
- 3. Continue with RTC Isometrics
- 4. Begin UBE as tolerated at low resistance (week 6)
- 5. *Initiate PREs with theraband or weights for ER/IR and extension (week 6)
- 6. PREs for scapular stabilizers/posterior shoulder girdle
 - (a) Active motions (week 6)
 - (b) PREs (week 7)
 - Serratus punches, prone extension, prone rowing with emphasis on scapular adduction, prone horizontal abduction with arm in neutral
- 7. Perform AAROM supine flexion, ER, and IR (with use of a cane)
- 8. *Rhythmic stabilization of GH joint for ER/IR with arm supported in scap plane (week 6)
- 9. Glenohumeral and scapulothoracic mobilizations as needed
- 10. Standing wall slides
- 11. AROM in all Directions \rightarrow watch for substitutions (week 6 8)
- 12. Sidelying ER/IR with dumbbell (week 7 to 8)

Phase Three – Strengthening Phase (8-12 weeks)

Goals: Protect the repair Restore full PROM by 8 weeks Restore full AROM by 12 weeks Normal shoulder biomechanics Initiate return to functional activities



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Treatment:

- 1. Continue with above program
- 2. Continue PROM/Static stretching for limited motions
- 3. AROM in all directions \rightarrow watch for substitutions
- 4. Progress theraband/PRE program for all exercises as tolerated:
 - Supine or Prone ER with the arm abducted to 90° and the elbow flexed to 90° Begin with the arm supported on the table, progress to unsupported position
- 5. Manually resisted PNF patterns (progress from isometric -> manual resist -> theraband)
- 6. Continue soft tissue mobilizations and increase aggressiveness of joint mobilizations
- 7. Wall push-ups
- 8. Initiate proprioceptive exercises
- 9. Dynamic stability exercises (bodyblade). Begin in the scapular plane and progress to more provocative positions as tolerated.

Phase Four – Advanced Strengthening (13-21 weeks)

Goals:

Maintain full, non-painful AROM/PROM

Improve strength of RTC and periscapular muscles

Return to functional activities per guidelines set based on tear size and demands of work or sport. Avoid pain-producing activities.

Treatment:

- 1. Continue with the above program
- 2. Progress proprioception exercises as tolerated
 - a. Plyometric throwing exercises as needed
- 3. Aggressive strengthening (Isotonics)
 - a. Shoulder flexion, Abduction, ER, IR
 - b. Supraspinatus
 - c. Scapular muscles
 - d. PNF patterns
- 4. Active Stretching

Phase Five – Return to Activity (21 weeks and beyond)

Goals:

Gradual return to recreational and sport activities Continue scheduled follow-ups with the surgeon and physical therapist as needed **Return to full activity at 4 months**

Treatment:

- 1. Continue with above exercises
- 2. Progress all strengthening and proprioceptive exercises
- 3. Make exercises sport specific
- 4. Determine plan for carrying through with independent home or gym exercise program